HAZARDOUS TREE ASSESSMENT TREE SPECIES IDENTIFICATION AND PATTERNS OF FAILURE

(You must be an Arborist or Forester to complete this form.)

License or Certification	n #		Telephone Number:		
Property Owners Name: Property Address:			Date:		
	tree failure by species usings) in the second column.	g the Key* a	t the bottom of the page. Record the		
Tree #	Species		Patterns of Tree Failure		
Example	Box Elder	<u> </u>	<u>A</u>		
1		_			
2		<u> </u>			
3		_			
4		_			
5		_			
6		_			
7		_			
8		<u> </u>			
9		<u> </u>			
10		<u> </u>			
11		<u> </u>			
12		_			
13		_			
14		_			
 KEY			e above trees by the reference number.		
Patterns of Tree Failure A Co-dominant trunks (v-crotch)		D	Branch decay and deadwood		
B Trunk lean C Trunk decay	,	E F	Poor trunk taper, low live crown ratio Excessive branch end weight		

HAZARD TREE INSPECTION AND ASSESSMENT

Please use a separate sheet for each tree.
This sheet may be photo copied for additional trees.

Location:		Dat	te
Refer to the Keys/Footnotes page attached	page 3.		
Tree #			
Species	DBH		
What are the patterns of failure for th	is species? 1		
What tree defects (if any) do you obse	erve? ²		
Is the tree a hazard? Yes	No Hazard to	Person	Property
What tree part(s) is most likely to fail	?		
Are there site conditions that exacerba	ate the hazard potential? ³		
Does it appear that the hazard can be	abated? Yes	No	
What method of abatement might be	implemented? ⁴		
Should the tree be removed? Yes	No		
Will the removal of this tree impact a	djacent trees or shrubs?	Yes	No
Should the tree be replaced? Yes	No		
With what species?			
Attach a Photo of the Tree is for the	record:		
Comments?			
By completing this form, you as the lice the minimum removal of hazard trees. E the vegetation removal, as well as any replacement trees or shrubs, will leave the Ordinance standards or will maintain or of vegetation result in new nonconform	sy signing this form you als necessary restoration work the property in compliance we improve the current site co	o affirm that you c. The removal ith the Town of I nditions. Under	a will be responsible for oversight of of said trees, and any replanting of Boothbay Harbor's Shoreland Zoning
Signature of Arborist/Forester Prepar.	_		Date:

HAZARD TREE INSPECTION AND ASSESSMENT

KEYS/FOOTNOTES

¹Patterns of Tree Failure

Α	Co-dominant trunks (v-crotch)	D	Branch decay and deadwood
В	Trunk lean	E	Poor trunk taper, low live crown ratio
C	Trunk decay	F	Excessive branch end weight

²Tree Defects

A	Dead tree	K	Cavity
В	Co-dominant trunks (v-crotch)	L	Cankers/burls
C	Trunk lean	M	Conks
D	Leaning and soil heaving	N	Carpenter ants
E	Leaning and roots broken	O	Woodpecker damage
F	Leaning and soil cracking	P	Hangers
G	Undermined (roots below root crown	Q	Branch decay, deadwood, stubs
	exposed soil fallen or washed away)	R	Poor trunk taper, low live crown ratio
Н	Cracks/splits in trunk	S	Excessive branch end weight
I	Girdling	T	Previous failure
J	Wound	Other	

³Site Conditions that Increase Potential for Tree Failure

- Site clearing and/or thinning A
- В Grade change
- Soil Disturbance \mathbf{C}
- D Shallow soil
- Ε Poor drainage
- History of tree failure F
- Exposure to high wind speeds G

⁴Hazard Abatement

- Pruning Α
 - A-1 Remove defective part
 - A-2 Remove deadwood
 - A-3 Reduce crown
- В Cabling/bracing

⁵Tree Removal

Caution: If adjacent trees and shrubs are to be preserved, then the tree may need to be sectioned and lowered by a Maine-licensed Forester or Arborist. Also, Maine law requires any tree removal for hire, other than Timber Harvesting must be performed be a licensed Forester or Arborist, removal of trees within or about the area of Utility Lines may only be accomplished by a Forester or Arborist licensed to perform such work.